

# RSpec API Documentation

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# Who?

Zipmark - [zipmark.com](https://zipmark.com)

Zipmark makes it simple and safe to quickly pay your rent, bills, and even your friends for that coffee they bought you.

SmartLogic Solutions - [smartlogicsolutions.com](https://smartlogicsolutions.com)

We build applications to support the our clients' unique visions.



# What?

- Write tests that describe how your API should behave
- Automatically generate API documentation based on your tests

**Keep your API docs in sync with your code**  
**If your tests fail, your API is broken**

# Why?

- Eliminate time spent writing API docs
- Actually write docs
- Document API while under active development

# How?

- RSpec Formatters
- RSpec Metadata
- Extending RSpec with a custom DSL

# Formatters

- A user-defined observer-type class, thing that does a thing when something happens
- Hooks -
  - `example_group_started`
  - `example_passed`
  - `example_failed`
  - `start`
  - `stop`
- Has access to metadata

# Formatters

```
module RspecApiDocumentation
  class ApiFormatter < RSpec::Core::Formatters::BaseFormatter
    def example_passed(example)
      super

      output.puts "      * #{example.description}"

      RspecApiDocumentation.documentations.each do |documentation|
        documentation.document_example(example)
      end
    end
  end

  def example_failed(example)
    super

    output.puts "      ! #{example.description} (FAILED)"
  end
end
end
```

# Formatters

Use by running with -

```
rspec spec/ --format \  
  RspecApiDocumentation::ApiFormatter
```

Comes with a Raitie that defines -

```
rake docs:generate
```



# Metadata

"You can attach user-defined metadata to any example group or example. Pass a hash as the last argument (before the block) to describe, context or it. RSpec supports many configuration options that apply only to certain examples or groups based on the metadata."

- Rspec Core Docs, Metadata

# Metadata

```
describe "a group with user-defined metadata" , :foo => 17 do
  it 'has access to the metadata in the example' do
    example.metadata[:foo].should eq(17)
  end

  it 'does not have access to metadata defined on sub-groups' do
    example.metadata.should_not include(:bar)
  end
end

describe 'a sub-group with user-defined metadata' , :bar => 12 do
  it 'has access to the sub-group metadata' do
    example.metadata[:foo].should eq(17)
  end

  it 'also has access to metadata defined on parent groups' do
    example.metadata[:bar].should eq(12)
  end
end
end
end
```

# Metadata

In the formatter, we can look at examples' metadata to write API documentation

For non-trivial metadata usage, it's cumbersome and error prone.

# Metadata

```
it "Should create an order",
  :resource_name=>"Orders", :document=>true, :parameters=>[{:name=>"
  format", :description=>"Format of response", :required=>true}, {:
  name=>"name", :description=>"Name of order", :scope=>:order}, {:
  name=>"paid", :description=>"If the order has been paid for", :
  scope=>:order}, {:name=>"email", :description=>"Email of user
  that placed the order", :scope=>:order}], :method=>:post, :
  path=>"/orders.:format" do

  test_client.post("/orders.json", :email => "email@example.com")
end
```

**Who wants to do that?**

# DSL

```
resource "Orders" do
  parameter :format, "Format of response"

  required_parameters :format

  let(:format) { :json }

  post "/orders.:format" do
    parameter :name, "Name of order"
    parameter :paid, "If the order has been paid for"
    parameter :email, "Email of user that placed the order"

    let(:email) { "email@example.com" }

    scope_parameters :order, [:name, :paid, :email]

    example "Creating an order" do
      do_request
    end
  end
end
```

# DSL

- Rspec provides an API for extending its DSL
- Use metadata to augment test logic

# Extending RSpec

- RSpec will include a module when metadata criteria are met

```
RSpec.configuration.include RspecApiDocumentation::DSL, :api_docs_dsl  
=> true
```



# **Augment Test Logic**

# parameter

```
resource "Orders" do
  parameter :name

  let(:name) { "My Order" }
  # automatically sets params to {:name => "My Order"}
end
```

# scope\_parameter

```
resource "Orders" do
  parameter :name
  scope_parameters :order, [:name]

  let(:name) { "My Order" }
  # automatically sets params to {:order => {:name => "My Order"}}
end
```

# delete, get, post, put

```
resource "Orders" do
  parameter :name
  let(:name) { "My Order" }

  post "/orders" do
    # when do_request is called it will POST to /orders
  end
end
```

# do\_request

```
resource "Orders" do
  parameter :name
  let(:name) { "My Order" }

  post "/orders" do
    example "Creating an order" do
      do_request
      # POST to /orders and send parameters
    end
  end
end
```

**What does it look like?**

# API Documentation

## Orders

- [Getting a list of orders](#)
- [Creating an order](#)
- [Getting a specific order](#)
- [Updating an order](#)
- [Deleting an order](#)

# Orders API

## Getting a list of orders

### Parameters

Name	Description
format <span style="color: red;">required</span>	Format of response
page	Current page of orders

### Request

Host: example.org  
Cookie:

```
GET /orders.json?page=1
```

### Query Parameters

```
page: 1
```

### Response

```
Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8  
X-Ua-Compatible: IE=Edge,chrome=1  
E-Tag: "6cd5831e98b0090b64672b5604d9eb2a"  
Cache-Control: max-age=0, private, must-revalidate  
X-Runtime: 0.090505  
Content-Length: 121
```

```
200 OK
```

```
[  
  {  
    "email": "email0@example.com",  
    "name": "Order 0",  
    "paid": true  
  },  
  {  
    "email": "email1@example.com",  
    "name": "Order 1",  
    "paid": true  
  }  
]
```



# Formats

- HTML
- JSON

# Future Additions

- Document multiple requests/responses
- Don't pollute RSpec metadata

# Where?

GitHub

[github.com/zipmark/rspec\\_api\\_documentation](https://github.com/zipmark/rspec_api_documentation)